

Features

- Operational Amplifier
 - Supply Voltage: 3 V to 36 V
 - Low Supply Current: Maximum 220 μ A
 - Input Rail to $-V_s$, Rail-to-Rail Output
 - Excellent High-Frequency PSRR+: 65 dB at 100 kHz
 - Offset Voltage of TPA7252/7252A: ± 4 mV Maximum at 25°C
 - Offset Voltage of TPA7253/7253A: ± 2 mV Maximum at 25°C
- Voltage Reference
 - 2.5-V Output, Stable with No Load to 1- μ F Load
 - TPA7252/7253: 1% Initial Accuracy
 - TPA7252A/7253A: 0.4% Initial Accuracy
- -40°C to 125°C Operation Temperature Range

Description

The device combines a dual operational amplifier and a fixed 2.5-V shunt voltage reference, which are often used in the control circuitry of power supplies.

The operational amplifier A has the non-inverting input internally tied to the shunt reference which is used for the voltage control loop. The operational amplifier B is independent of the current control loop.

The device has a 220- μ A power supply excluding the current in the reference, and the minimum working current for the reference is 50 μ A, which can be used in low-power applications.

Applications

- Power Module
- Adapter
- Led Lighting

Typical Application Circuit

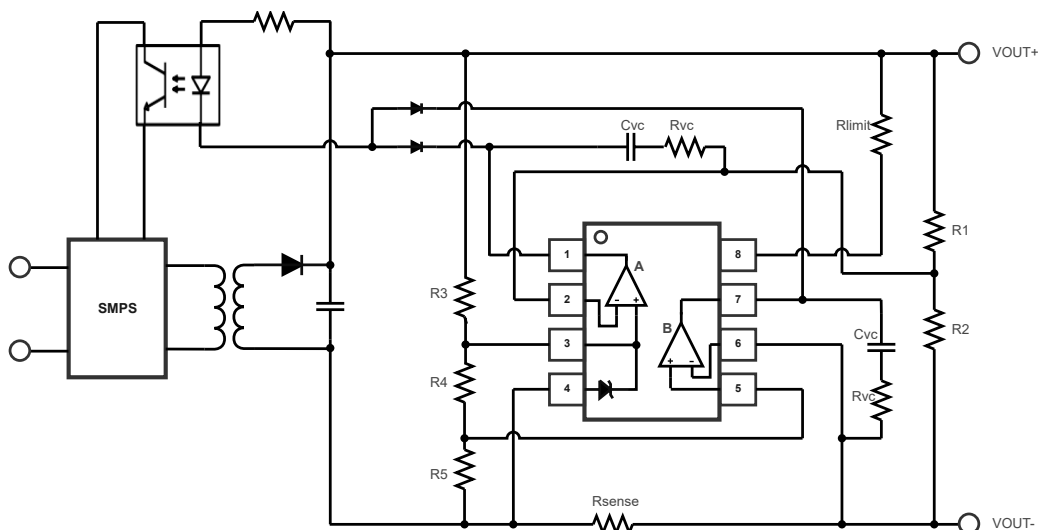


Figure 1. TPA7252 in a Constant-Current and Constant-Voltage Battery Charger

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Revision History

Date	Revision	Notes
2021-12-20	Rev.A.0	Initial version.
2022-03-28	Rev.A.1	Corrected typo on page 7: Reference Voltage, TPA7252, 0.4% to Reference Voltage, TPA7252A, 0.4%
2023-05-10	Rev.A.2	Updated the document with a new format.
2023-08-17	Rev.A.3	Added Input Voltage Noise Density in Electrical Characteristics. Updated Figure 2.
2023-11-08	Rev.A.4	Added product: TPA7253 and TPA7253A.
2024-01-25	Rev.A.5	Added typical value of Vos in Electrical Characteristics.
2024-03-18	Rev.A.6	The following updates are all about the new datasheet formats or typos, the actual product remains unchanged. Updated the pin configuration of the SOP8 package.

Pin Configuration and Functions

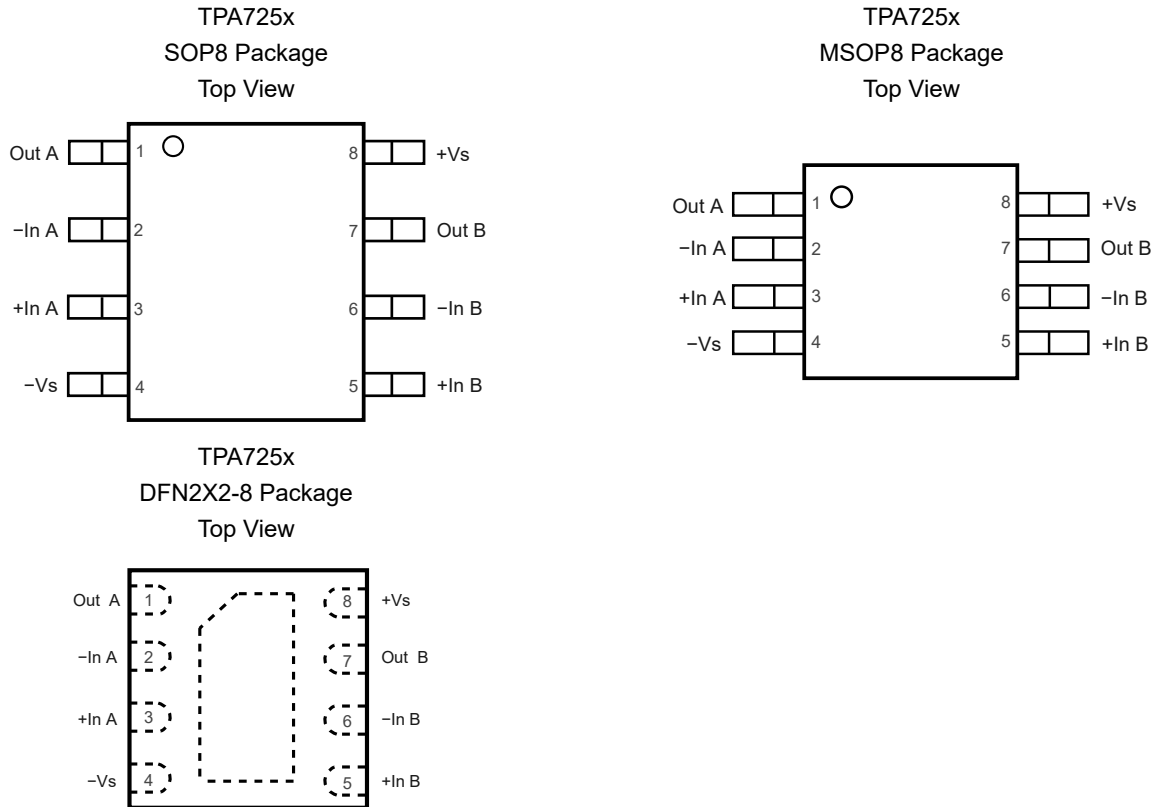


Table 1. Pin Functions: TPA7252

Pin		I/O	Description
No.	Name		
1	Out A	O	Output of channel A.
2	-In A	I	Inverting Input of the channel A.
3	+In A	I	Non-Inverting Input of the channel A.
4	-Vs	I	Negative power supply.
5	+In B	I	Non-Inverting Input of the channel B.
6	-In B	I	Inverting Input of the channel B.
7	Out B	O	Output of channel B.
8	+Vs	I	Positive power supply.

(1) The thermal pad of DFN2x2-8 is recommended to be left or connected to -Vs.

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾

Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
	Supply Voltage, (+V _S) – (–V _S)		40	V
	Input Voltage	(–V _S) – 0.3	(+V _S) + 0.3	V
	Differential Input Voltage	(–V _S) – (+V _S)	(+V _S) – (–V _S)	V
	Input Current: +IN, –IN ⁽²⁾	–10	10	mA
	Output Voltage	(–V _S) – 0.3	(+V _S) + 0.3	V
	Output Short-Circuit Duration ⁽³⁾		Infinite	
T _J	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature		150	°C
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	–40	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	–65	150	°C
T _L	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)		260	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

(2) The inputs are protected by ESD protection diodes to each power supply. If the input extends more than 300 mV beyond the power supply, the input current should be limited to less than 10 mA.

(3) A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below the absolute maximum. This depends on the power supply voltage and how many amplifiers are shorted. Thermal resistance varies with the amount of PC board metal connected to the package. The specified values are for short traces connected to the leads.

ESD, Electrostatic Discharge Protection

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Minimum Level	Unit
HBM	Human Body Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	2	kV
CDM	Charged Device Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	1	kV

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _S	Supply Voltage, (+V _S) – (–V _S)	3		36	V
	Cathode Current of Reference	0.08		100	mA
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	–40		125	°C

Thermal Information

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
SOP8	158	43	°C/W
MSOP8	210	45	°C/W
DFN2X2-8	100	60	°C/W

36-V Dual Op Amps with Internal 2.5-V Reference
Electrical Characteristics

 All test conditions: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Power Supply						
V_S	Supply Voltage Range		3		36	V
I_Q	Quiescent Current excluding Current in Voltage Reference, No Load	$V_S = 30\text{ V}$		110	220	μA
		$V_S = 30\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C			300	μA
		$V_S = 5\text{ V}$		100	200	μA
		$V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C			270	μA
Voltage Reference						
	Reference Voltage, TPA7252, TPA7253, 1%	$I_K = 10\text{ mA}$,	2.475	2.50	2.525	V
		$I_K = 10\text{ mA}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	2.45		2.55	V
	Reference Voltage, TPA7252A, TPA7253A, 0.4%	$I_K = 10\text{ mA}$,	2.49	2.50	2.51	V
		$I_K = 10\text{ mA}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	2.48		2.52	V
	Reference Voltage Deviation	$I_K = 10\text{ mA}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 105°C		1	15	mV
	Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation			0.01	0.05	mA
		$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C			0.08	mA
	Dynamic Impedance	$I_K = 1\text{ mA}$ to 100 mA , $f < 1\text{ kHz}$		0.2		Ω
	Capacitive Load	$T_A = -40$ to 125°C			1	μF
OPA - Input Characteristics						
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage, TPA7252, TPA7252A	$V_S = 36\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 34.5 V	-4	± 1	4	mV
		$V_S = 36\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 34.5 V , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	-5		5	mV
		$V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 3.5 V	-4	± 1	4	mV
		$V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 3.5 V , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	-5		5	mV
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage, TPA7253, TPA7253A	$V_S = 36\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 34.5 V	-2	± 1	2	mV
		$V_S = 36\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 34.5 V , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	-3		3	mV
		$V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 3.5 V	-2	± 1	2	mV
		$V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 3.5 V , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	-3		3	mV
$V_{OS\ TC}$	Input Offset Voltage Drift	$V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to 2.5 V , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C		3		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_B	Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$		10		pA
		$V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C		1		nA

36-V Dual Op Amps with Internal 2.5-V Reference

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{OS}	Input Offset Current	V _{CM} = 0 V		10		pA
		V _{CM} = 0 V, T _A = -40°C to 125°C		1		nA
A _v	Open-loop Voltage Gain	V _S = 30 V, V _O = 2 V to 26 V	95	110		dB
		V _S = 30 V, V _O = 2 V to 26 V, T _A = -40°C to 125°C	90			dB
V _{CMR}	Common Mode Input Voltage Range	T _A = -40°C to 125°C	(-V _S)		(+V _S) - 1.5	V
OPA - Input Characteristics						
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio, Channel B only	V _S = 36 V, V _{CM} = 0 V to 34.5 V	80	100		dB
		V _S = 36 V, V _{CM} = 0 V to 34.5 V, T _A = -40°C to 125°C	70			dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 5 V to 36 V	85	120		dB
		V _S = 5 V to 36 V, T _A = -40°C to 125°C	80			dB
OPA - Output Characteristics						
V _{OH}	Output Voltage High	V _S = 30 V, R _L = 2 kΩ to (-V _S)	26	27		V
		V _S = 30 V, R _L = 2 kΩ to (-V _S), T _A = -40°C to 125°C	26			V
		V _S = 30 V, R _L = 10 kΩ to (-V _S)	27	28		V
		V _S = 30 V, R _L = 10 kΩ to (-V _S), T _A = -40°C to 125°C	27			V
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Low	V _S = 30 V, R _L = 10 kΩ to (-V _S)		1	15	mV
		V _S = 30 V, R _L = 10 kΩ to (-V _S), T _A = -40°C to 125°C			20	mV
I _{OUT}	Output Current, Source	V _S = 15 V, V _{ID} = 1 V, V _O = 2 V	20	40		mA
		V _S = 15 V, V _{ID} = 1 V, V _O = 2 V, T _A = -40°C to 125°C	10			mA
	Output Current, Sink	V _S = 15 V, V _{ID} = -1 V, V _O = 2 V	10	20		mA
		V _S = 15 V, V _{ID} = -1 V, V _O = 2 V, T _A = -40°C to 125°C	5			mA
		V _S = 15 V, V _{ID} = -1 V, V _O = 0.2 V	12	50		μA
		V _S = 15 V, V _{ID} = -1 V, V _O = 0.2 V, T _A = -40°C to 125°C	5			μA
I _{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	V _S = 15 V		50		mA
OPA - AC Characteristics						
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product			1		MHz
SR	Slew Rate	G = 1, 2 V step		0.9		V/μs
PM	Phase Margin	R _L = 10 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF		50		°

36-V Dual Op Amps with Internal 2.5-V Reference

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
GM	Gain Margin	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 100\text{ pF}$		6		dB
OPA - Noise Performance						
E_N	Input Voltage Noise	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		1		μV_{RMS}
e_N	Input Voltage Noise Density	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		65		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

Typical Performance Characteristics

All test conditions: $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

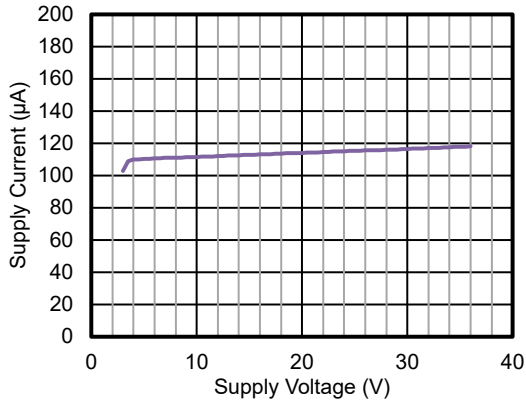


Figure 2. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

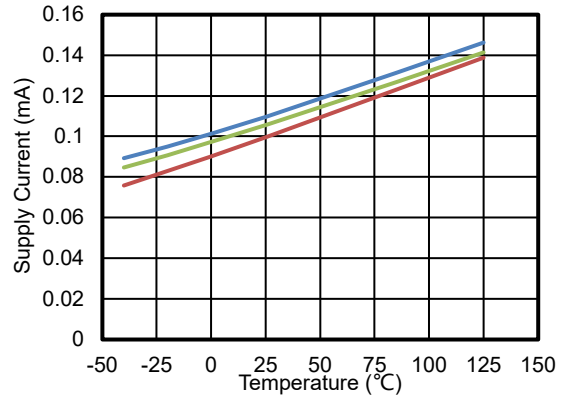


Figure 3. Supply Current vs Temperature, $V_S = 15\text{ V}$

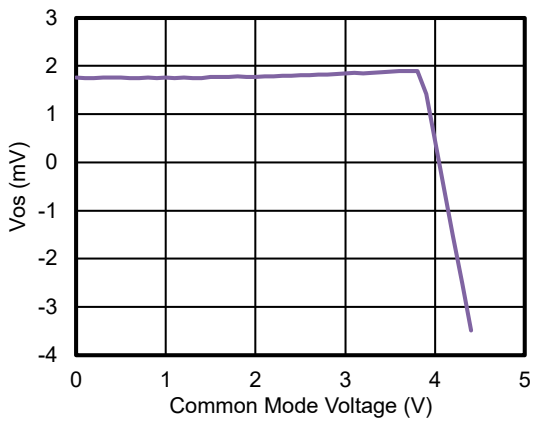


Figure 4. V_{OS} vs V_{CM} , $V_S = 5\text{ V}$

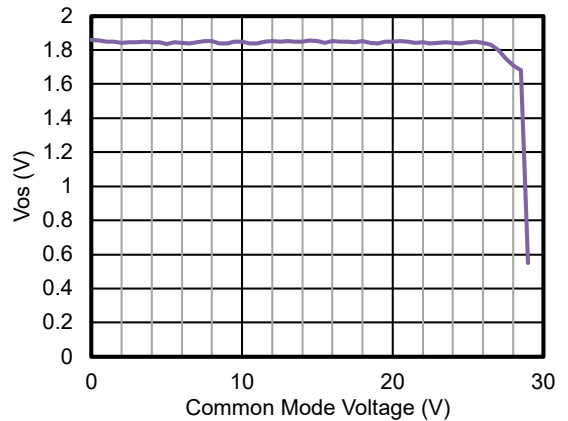


Figure 5. V_{OS} vs V_{CM} , $V_S = 30\text{ V}$

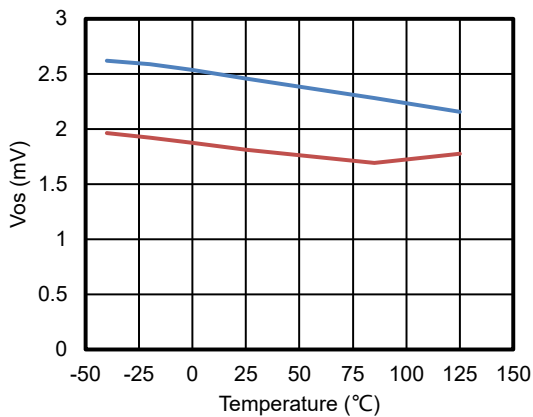


Figure 6. V_{OS} vs Temperature, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 2.5\text{ V}$

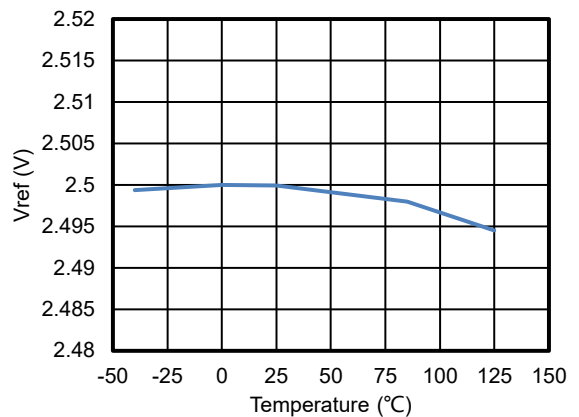


Figure 7. Reference Output vs Temperature

36-V Dual Op Amps with Internal 2.5-V Reference

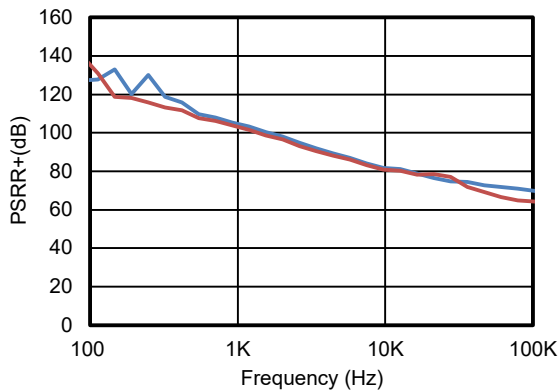


Figure 8. PSRR+ vs Frequency

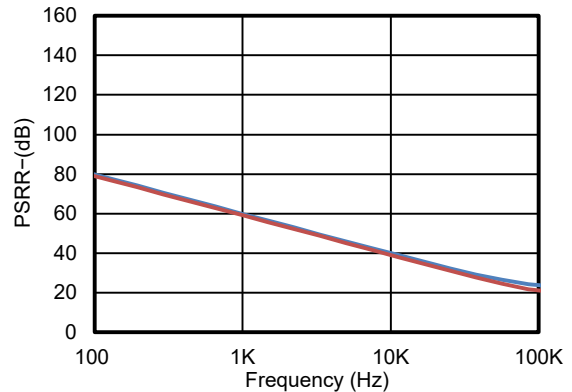


Figure 9. PSRR- vs Frequency

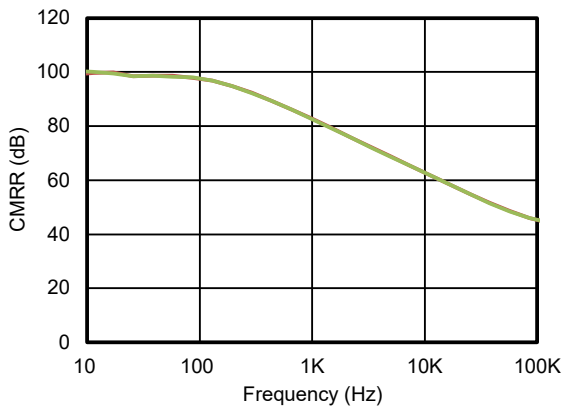


Figure 10. CMRR vs Frequency



G = 1, $V_{IN} = 1/2 V_S$ during Power On and Off Yellow: + V_S ; Green: Output

Figure 11. Power On and Off Behavior, 2 ms



G = 1, $V_{IN} = 4 V$ during Power On and Off Yellow: + V_S ; Green: Output

Figure 12. Power On and Off Behavior, 10 ms



G = 1, $V_{IN} = 4 V$ during Power On and Off Yellow: + V_S ; Green: Output

Figure 13. Power On and Off Behavior, 100 ms

Detailed Description

Overview

The device combines a dual operational amplifier and a fixed 2.5-V shunt voltage reference. The operational amplifier A has the non-inverting input internally tied to the shunt reference which is used for the voltage control loop. The operational amplifier B is independent of the current control loop.

Functional Block Diagram

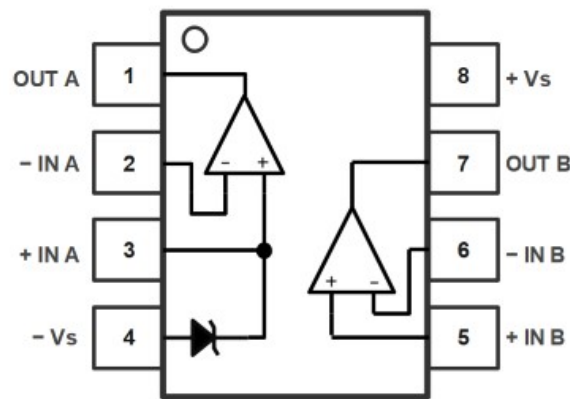


Figure 14. Functional Block Diagram

Feature Description

Operating Voltage

The device is designed for single-supply operation from 3 V to 36 V or dual-supply operation from ± 1.5 V to ± 18 V. The high-power supply voltage helps the device survive on the very noisy power supply.

Low Power Operation

The device has a 220- μ A power supply excluding current in the reference, and the minimum working current for the reference is 50 μ A, which is very useful in low-power applications.

PSRR+ of the Operational Amplifier

The operation amplifier in the device has 65-dB PSRR+ at 100-kHz frequency, the feature reduces the output noise of the operational amplifier which is produced by the noisy power supply.

36-V Dual Op Amps with Internal 2.5-V Reference

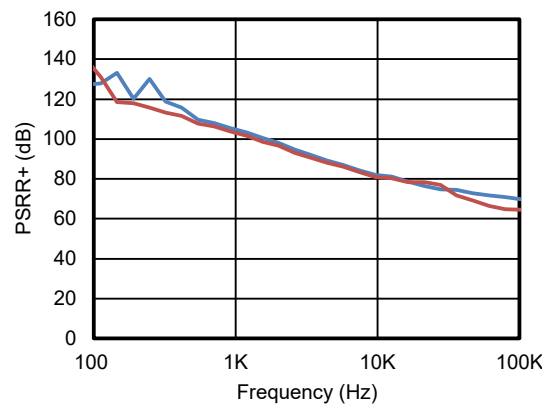


Figure 15. PSRR+ vs. Frequency

Region of Reference Stability

The reference of the device can work stably with a large range of capacitive loads. The following figure shows the stability of reference output with 10-ms power on time:

- “s” means the output is stable.
- “R1” means the output has a ring (< 100 mV) in the power-on time and is stable when the output reaches the final value.
- “R2” means the output has a ring (< 100 mV) and is stable in 1 ms.

Ik (mA)	100	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	50	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	40	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	30	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	25	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	20	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	15	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	10	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	7.5	s	s	s	s	s	s	R2	R2	R2	R2
	5	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
	2.5	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
	1	R1	R1	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
0.5	R1	R1	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
0.25	R1	R1	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
0.1	R1	R1	R1	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
0.05	R1	R1	R1	R1	s	s	s	s	s	s	
		0	0.1	0.47	1	4.7	47	100	200	300	1000
		Capacitor (nF) on Vref									

Figure 16. Region of Reference Stability vs. Capacitive Load

Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following application sections is not part of the 3PEAK's component specification and 3PEAK does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. 3PEAK's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

Application Information

Power Supply Recommendations

Place 0.1- μ F bypass capacitors close to the power-supply pins to reduce coupling errors from the noisy or high-impedance power supplies.

Typical Application

Figure 17 shows the typical application schematic.

Constant-Current and Constant-Voltage Battery Charger

The following figure shows the device configured in a constant-current and constant-voltage battery charger.

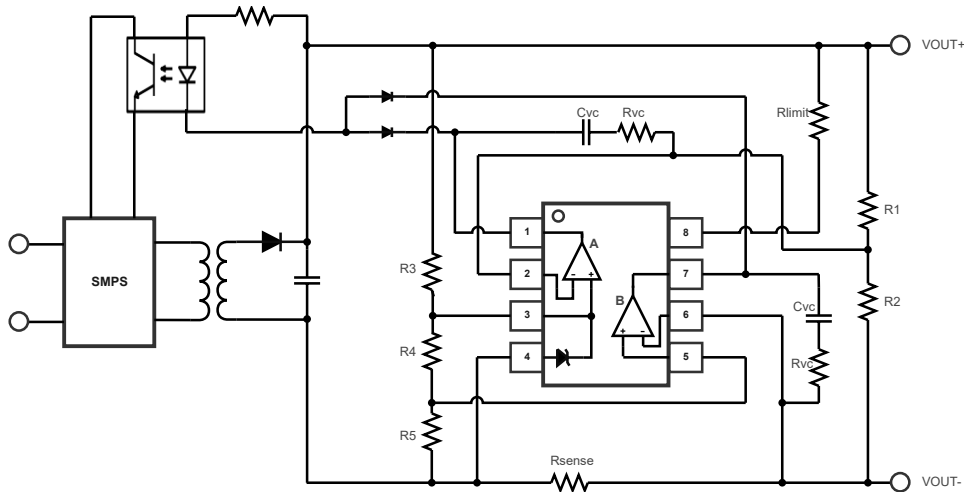


Figure 17. TPA725x in a Constant-Current and Constant-Voltage Battery Charger

The voltage control loop is controlled by the operational amplifier A and the resistor divider (R1, R2), the output voltage is given in the following equation.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \frac{R1 + R2}{R2} \quad (1)$$

Where V_{OUT} is the desired maximum output voltage, V_{REF} is the output voltage of internal reference.

The current control loop is controlled via the operational amplifier B and the resistor divider (R4, R5) tied to the voltage reference. The voltage on R_{SENSE} is given in the following equation.

$$V_{SENSE} = V_{REF} \frac{R5}{R4 + R5} \quad (2)$$

36-V Dual Op Amps with Internal 2.5-V Reference

Where V_{SENSE} is the voltage on R_{SENSE} .

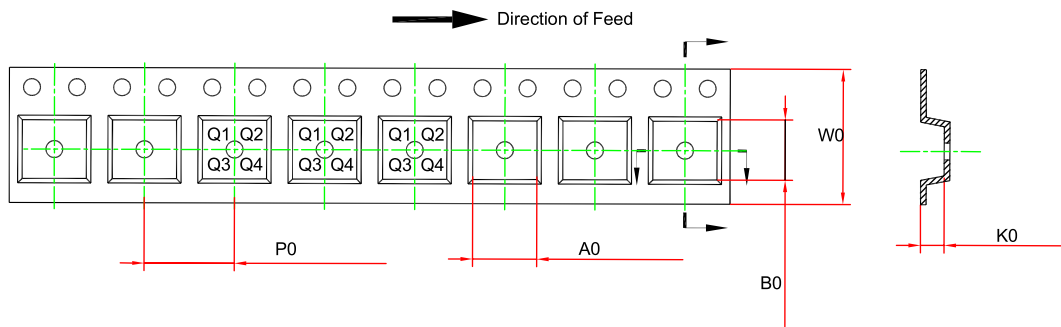
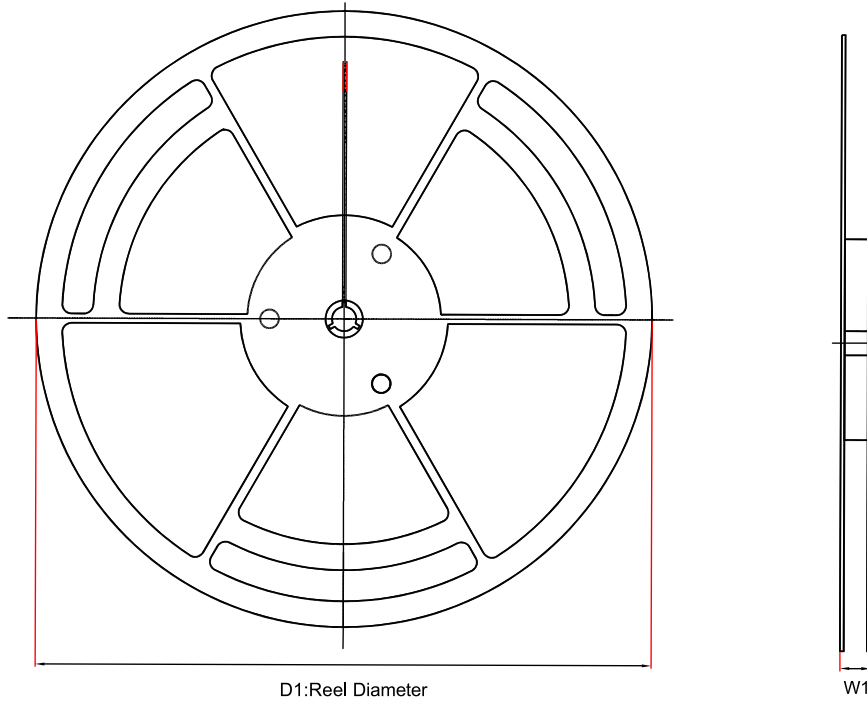
Then the maximum output current is given by the following equation.

$$I_{OUT} = \frac{V_{SENSE}}{R_{SENSE}} \quad (3)$$

Where I_{OUT} is the desired maximum output current.

The outputs of the two operational amplifiers are connected to the opto-coupler through the diode, this makes an ORing function that ensures whenever the values of the current or the voltage reach too high, the opto-coupler is activated.

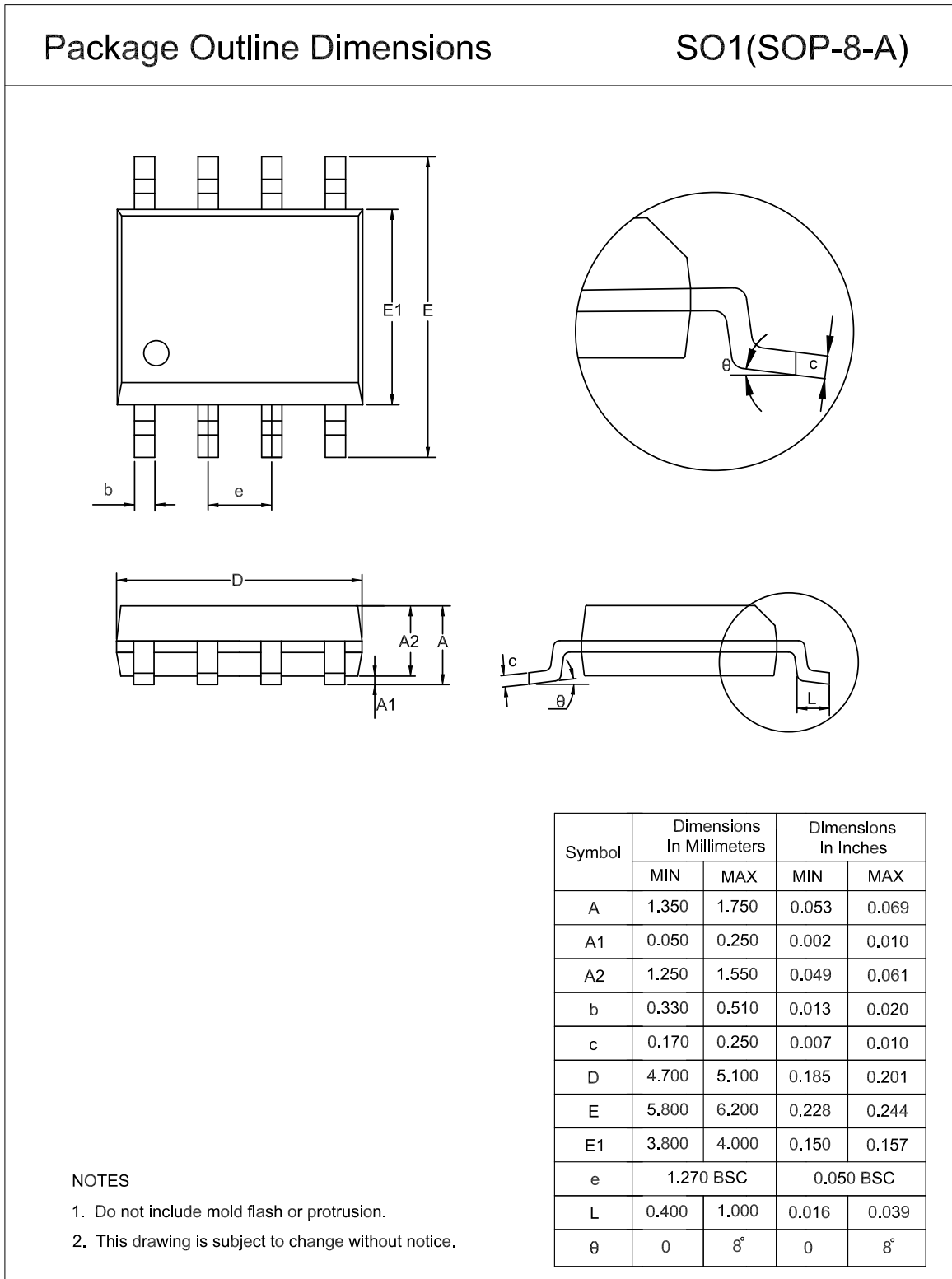
Tape and Reel Information



Order Number	Package	D1 (mm)	W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	W0 (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPA725x-SO1R	SOP8	330.0	17.6	6.4	5.4	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPA725xA-SO1R	SOP8	330.0	17.6	6.4	5.4	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPA725x-DF4R	DFN2X2-8	180.0	13.1	2.3	2.3	1.1	4.0	8.0	Pending
TPA725x-VS1R	MSOP8	330.0	17.6	5.2	3.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q1

Package Outline Dimensions

SOP8



Order Information

Order Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Marking Information	MSL	Transport Media, Quantity	Eco Plan
TPA7252-SO1R	-40 to 125°C	SOP8	A7252	3	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green
TPA7252A-SO1R	-40 to 125°C	SOP8	A7252	3	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green
TPA7253-SO1R	-40 to 125°C	SOP8	A7252	3	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green
TPA7253A-SO1R	-40 to 125°C	SOP8	A7252	3	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green
TPA7252-DF4R ⁽¹⁾	-40 to 125°C	DFN2X2-8	752	3	Tape and Reel, 3000	Green
TPA7252-VS1R ⁽¹⁾	-40 to 125°C	MSOP8	A7252	3	Tape and Reel, 3000	Green

(1) For future products, contact the 3PEAK factory for more information and samples.

Green: 3PEAK defines "Green" to mean RoHS compatible and free of halogen substances.

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